Original amendment submission date	Date of final publication		Citation/description
* * June 22, 1992	* October 22, 1997	* 62 IAC 1816.116(a)(2)(C); Statement.	* * * 1817.116(a)(2)(C); Non-augmentation Policy

§913.16 [Amended]

3. Section 913.16 is amended by removing and reserving paragraph (o). [FR Doc. 97–27982 Filed 10–21–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4310–05–M

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[CA 157-0055a; FRL-5912-7]

Withdrawal of Direct Final Rule for Approval and Promulgation of Implementation Plans; California State Implementation Plan Revision, San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Withdrawal of direct final rule.

SUMMARY: Due to an adverse comment, EPA is withdrawing the direct final rule for the approval of a revision to the California State Implementation Plan. EPA published the direct final rule on August 25, 1997 at 62 FR 44909, approving revisions to a rule from the San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District (SJVUAPCD). As stated in that Federal Register document, if adverse or critical comments were received by September 24, 1997, the effective date would be delayed and notice would be published in the Federal Register. EPA subsequently received adverse comments on that direct final rule. EPA will address the comments received in a subsequent final action on this or a future revision of this rule in the near future. EPA will not institute a second comment period on this document. DATES: The direct final rule published at 62 FR 44909 is withdrawn as of October 22, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Yvonne Fong, Rulemaking Office (AIR–4), Air Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IX, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105, Telephone: (415) 744–1199. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: See the information provided in the direct final rule located in the final rules section of the August 25, 1997 Federal Register, and in the short informational

document located in the proposed rule section of the August 25, 1997 **Federal Register**.

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 52

Environmental protection, Air pollution control, Hydrocarbons, Incorporation by reference, Intergovernmental relations, Ozone, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Volatile organic compounds.

Dated: October 9, 1997.

Felicia Marcus,

Regional Administrator.

Subpart F of part 52, Chapter I, Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations if amended as follows:

PART 52—[AMENDED]

Subpart F—California

1. The authority citation for part 52 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q.

§ 52.220 [Amended]

2. Section 52.220 is amended by removing paragraph (c)(224)(i)(D). [FR Doc. 97–27978 Filed 10–21–97; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[FRL-5911-8]

Final Determination To Extend Deadline for Promulgation of Action on Section 126 Petitions

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: The EPA is extending by an additional one month the deadline for taking final action on petitions that eight States have submitted to require EPA to make findings that sources upwind of those States contribute significantly to nonattainment problems in those States. Under the Clean Air Act (CAA or Act), EPA is authorized to grant this time extension if EPA determines that the extension is necessary, among other things, to meet the purposes of the Act's rulemaking requirements. By this document, EPA is making that determination. The eight States that

have submitted the petitions are Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This action is effective as of October 14, 1997.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Howard J. Hoffman, Office of General Counsel, MC–2344, 401 M St. SW, Washington, DC 20460, (202) 260–5892.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Background

Today's action is procedural, and is set in the context of a series of actions EPA is taking to address the problem of the transport of tropospheric ozone and its precursors—especially oxides of nitrogen (NO_X)—across the eastern region of the United States.

The most recent step EPA has taken to address regional ozone transport was the signing of a proposed rulemaking that the State implementation plans (SIPs) of 22 States and the District of Columbia, all in the eastern half of the United States, must be revised under CAA sections 110(k)(5) and 110(a)(1) to include provisions reducing NO_X emissions because those emissions contribute significantly to ozone nonattainment or maintenance problems in downwind states. EPA Administrator Carol M. Browner signed this proposed rulemaking—referred to in this notice as the NO_x SIP call—on October 10, 1997. The proposal is designed to assure that SIPs meet the requirements of CAA section 110(a)(2)(D), which mandates that SIPs contain adequate provisions prohibiting emissions that significantly contribute to downwind nonattainment problems. This proposal is based on information indicating that emissions from those 23 jurisdictions have an adverse impact on downwind areas with respect to both of the ozone National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS)—the long-standing one-hour standard and the eight-hour standard that was promulgated by notice dated July 18, 1997 (62 FR 38856). EPA's proposals were based generally on recommendations and technical analyses from the Ozone Transport Assessment Group (OTAG), which was an organization comprising EPA, states,